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Ng 2577th legiment GR-271 Nobruary 1945 Detachment "R" OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES CR-271 .COUNTRY CRIGINAL REPORT NO. -Itumania 25 February 19 DATE OF REPORT SUBJECT Political review, covering MICROFII MID EVALUATION January-21 February FEB 2 - 1963 CONFIRMATION SUPPLEMENT 2 Influonse. DOG, MICHO, SER CORRECTION SC URCE SL D SOURCE DITE OF INFORMATION 28 January-21 February 1945 NUMBER OF PAGES 11 Imenie. ATTACHMENTS PLACE OF ORIGIN LEDIO NOT SUITABLE FOR THEATRE LISTRIBUTION BUCHARGER: UF Rep (Run) The following review of political events in America was prepared ACC-03 (2) by a well-informed editor of a large independent Bucharest daily: ACCODE 13 Comment: The analysis and interpretations com-Crserta Files (A) tained in the following report do not in all cases represent the position of this organism-

Comment: The analysis and interpretations contained in the following report do not in all cases represent the position of this organisation. In several instances the author appears to accept the actions and statements of the National Denocratic Front too readily. Also, the explanation of the fall of the Smatesou government appears untenable. However, the overall presentation of the various elements which shwe combined to produce the present orisis is considered to be of value: The report also contains certain new items of information which have not been reported previously.

1. Announcement of MD government program

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Commant: For text of FND program, see CR-197 of 29 January.

The Armistice between the governing political parties was broken on 26 January. On that day the National Demogratic Front brought out a manifesto entitled "Government Program". In this manifesto the RODD stated what its program would be if it should be called to govern alone. The program contains the following 9 points:

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- 1) A marirum effort of perticipation in the war at the side of the United
- 2) The rigorous and complete fulfilment of the wondivious of the Armistice Convention.
- 3) The establishment of sincers and lasting friendship with all democratic countries, and especially with the U.S. SIR.
- . 4) The creation of a democratic and brotherly policy between the various, nationalities living in the country.
- 5) The establishment of regular commercial exchanges with all democratic countries, and especially with the U.S.S.R. and neighboring countries.
  - 6) Agrarian reform by the confiscation of lands which exceed 50 hectares.
- 7) The removal of resolut and schoteging elements from the head of public and private unterprises.
- 8) The raising of the economic level, and also the cultural and semitary level of the workers, and all state and private employees.
- 9) The reorganisation of the army in the democratic spirit, and the assur-
- 10) The arrest and trial of war criminals, the liquidation of the legionary movement, and the cleaning of the State apparatus of fascist and pro-fascist elements.

For the realization of the goals set forth in this program, the FUD called on "all sincere patriots, and all political and professional groups to adhere to the Government program and to excell in its ranks."

This breaking of the political conistics coordinate the Government presided over by General Radeson had been in office less than 2 months.

### 2. Banis of conflict between FED and historical parties

The breaking of the Armistics on the part of the END and no apparently profound reason. Public opinion was therefore pussled. The truth is that the FND having worked for a period of three months with the so-called "historical" parties, came to the conclusion that these parties were animated by a reactionary spirit, which spirit was apparent whenever a decision for reform, socially or in internal economy, had to be taken.

Comment: This conclusion over simplifies the isome. There is evidence that the Communist Perty, at least, has been proceeded from the beginning with the problem of achieving political power.

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The prefound difference in views between the historical parties and the FED was made obvious especially when there was talk of meding a law to down the sales and under threats from 1940-1944. This is in regard to the sales made by the Jews under lagionary terror or under the ferr of having their possessions confiscated.

The profound difference in opinions in this respect was also noticeable three months later when the Einister of Justice Lauretin Tetragosan brought up for discussion at the Himisters' Council the law for the restitution of Jewish property. As is known, this law was responsible for the everthrow of the Sametesen Covernment. The law for the annulment of all sales made under threats gave rise to misunderstandings between the representatives of the two groups. On the one hand, the F.H.L. gave the appearance of wanting to repair the injectice done to the Jews under the logicarry and Diotatorship regimes, while on the other hand, the representatives of the historical parties, without having the courage to pronounce estegorically squinet the law, tried in every way to delay the perfecting of the law. Then, when the project had got to the final stages, a crisis in the Government was asked for and took place. Any attentive investigator cannot but come to the conclusion that this oxists was guited and meantal by the historical parties.

Comment: The evidence collected at the time of the fall of the Sanatesou government clearly indicates that the change in government/in the devaloging conflict between the historical parties and the newly-found laft-wing forces. Therefore, it appears completely exceeds to delimit the cause of the full of the Sanatesou government to the above-mentioned legislation.

### 5. General Redocants speech at the "Aron and PRD resotton

The meeting at the "Aro" which was General Radesou's first attack against the JHD was made under pressure of the historical portion, who declared to the Prime Minister, that if he did not adopt an attitude as regards the agrarian problem, those parties would withdraw their representatives from the Government.

[It is worthy of note that until the meeting at the Aro, collaboration between the FHD and the Prime Minister was as estimatory as it could be.]

At the "Aro", Comeral Radeson spoke to a hail filled with representatives of the historical parties, and with reactionary students. General Radeson opened fire on the RHD by attacking the latter's policy with severity and even aggressively. After the meeting, a break took place in front of the Royal palace between the RHD and the representatives of the historical parties. It is true that the next day, General Radeson, probably realising that he had gone too far with his declarations, tried to coften their effect by making another speech, this time at the redio. But the glove had been taken by the RHD. The exists had been launched.

Comment: For account of Radosem 's speech at the "Aro" see GR-250 of 12 February.



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The reply of the FRD to General Redeson's declarations was the street demonstration which took place on Tuesday, 15 February. This should have taken place the day before but was postponed became General Redeson had informed the FRD that he forbade any street demonstrations.

As was seen, the demonstration still took place, under the alogues "Down with Hedita", " We want a Hill Government", "Death to Fascists and Legicomairee". Although over 200,000 workers took part in the demonstration, no incident took place. It was also remarked that there were no ories of "Down with Radesou", but only for the removal of reactionary elements from the Government.

Comments Estimates of attendance at the demonstration, by American observers, ranged from 25,000 to 100,000. The Communist press elained that 500,000 attended, obviously a gross exaggraphion.

This may mean that at that time the BRD did not think of breaking off relations with General Radenou, but that in accordance with a former plan, General Radenou had to be treated with consideration to preside as Prime Minister over an BRD Government.

### 4. General Tinograduris nosition

Being appreciated of what was going on at Busharent, General-Managradov who was attending a military conference at Simaia, came to Busharest and called General Radescu and the representatives of the FED for an addinge at the same time. General Vinogradov spoke very severely about what had been happening. He addressed hisself very violently both to the Frime Minister and to the HED representatives, tolling them to leave their quarrels and work as hard as possible for the fulfillment of the Armistics conditions. After the departure of the FED delegation, General Ludescu remained two hours in conference with General Vinogradov. General Radescu told source that he had sincerely explained his point of view to General Vinogradov, and that he guaranteed that production affecting Soviet Russia, Hight be increased if General Vinogradov would undertake to show the EED clearly that they could not count unreservedly on U.S.S.R. support. General Radescu left with the conviction that General Vinogradov would do what he had asked.

On this conviction all later actions of Gonoral Redeers are based, estions which show the firm decision of the Prime Minister not to give in at any price to the demands of the FND.

### 5. Dispute between Radeson and Tochari Georgeson

In the days following, a lotter was written by Minister Technon-Georgeson, in which the latter denomed General Radeson to the public as having prevented the clouning up process at the Ministry of the Interior. Mr. Technol Georgeson's letter was read at the sitting of the Council of Ministers and produced on even greater sense of strain exong those present. General Radeson, supported by the historical parties, asked the MID to declare if they were or were not in favor of the attitude of Minister Technol Georgeson.

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This demand, with the character of an ultimatum, gave rise to lively discussions in the bosom of the FMD council - where as will be seen later there are two samps, which differ profoundly as to their views of the political crisis and the attitude to be adopted in the present circumstances.

On interventions made to General Radeson, the letter was proveiled upon to lengthen the turn given.

geometric For information regarding the later dismissal of Georgeson and his defiance of the order, see GR-264 of 23 February.

### 6. Effects of Yelks Confermos

Hearshile, the communique containing the resolutions at Talta appeared. These declarations contain, as is known, definite provisions relating to the government of former axis vascals. It is said, for example, that these states (in which category Russmia belongs), cannot be governed by a single party, but by all the desceratio currents. It is also stated that these States, cannot ask forthe help of one of the three Great Powers, but that all three powers undertake to guarantee order if this is endangered.

These decisions of such importance to Rumania, have found a deep scho in Rumanian public opinion, which had resigned itself somehow to the idea that the Anglo-incricans would never play a role in the internal policy of Rumania. Even more, it was thought that Rumania web definitely given over to the Rumanian sphere of influence, from which conclusion spreng the idea that internally the country would be at the discretion of the IRD.

Community For communist reaction to Yalta conference, see GR-235 of 14 February.

### 7. Surther developments of the oridia

Insectiately following the declarations at Yelta, Mr. Tuliu Menin returned to the Capital from Siblu, where he had been obliged to take a rest. The return of Mr. Menin to Eucharest strengthened still more the position of General Radeson, and the attitude of the historical parties toward the FID.

On Sunday, 18 February, the EMD installed communist moyors at T.Magurelo and at Craiova. By General Radecou's orders, the army used force, arrested the appointed mayors, and replaced them with those chosen by the Ministry of the Interior. Incidents happened, which served to strain the relations between the Prime Minister and the LED oven more.

It is to be remarked, however, that the END which had the way for the resignation of their ministers, did not take advantage of it. Neither did General Radeson remign. On the contrary, he announced on Turaday 20 February

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to his friends that he had not the slightest intention of resigning, and that he was decided to use all means, even the extrese one of bringing out the army on the streets, to combat the community.

If, however, the FED ministers, did not do what would have been normal on finding themselves in disagreement with the rest of the Government and with the Prime Binister, this was because they had information that such a Government exists would not terminate in favor of the FED.

#### 3. Attitude of the Palgon

Mr. Regal, the Earshal of the Falses, on Monday afternoon, 19 February, stated that the King wished to maintain his position on a constitutional basis. The King regretted that Remaria has no constituted parliament, so that he might follow the indications of universal voting as regards changes in the government. Hr. Regal let it be understood that the King must realise the real balance in strength between the parties facing each other, a balance which is not fewerable to the Communist party.

Palace centiments regarding on WID government are known to Communist loaders. They know that in the event of a cricis, the FED will not have the chance to form its own government. That is why FED ministers do not resign from the government (where they hold helf the total number of votes). At the same time they are doing everything to propers for a lamening of a crisis, before the decinions of the Kalta Conference produce any effect on the state of affairs in Russais.

### 9. The Malaxo incident

The incidents which took place on Tuesday, 20 February, at the Malara plants, also constitute a motive for the breaking up of the present government. The FND gives the impression that they are counting on intervention from Soviet Bussia, and effective help in solving the Government crisis in favor of the BND.

At Malars, an in many other factories, reactionary elements have come to the forefront. They now work openly, when in accordance with the provisions of the new syndical laws, elections take place in all factories. The results of these elections have in most cases been unfavorable to the Communist party. Thus at the Maniforni Cfinial printing plant, where the Official State Gasette is printed, the communists obtained only 2% of the votes. The same thing threstoned to happen at Malara, on Monday afternoon, 19 Fobrary, when the elections took place. Consequently, the communists attempted to prevent the holding of elections. A row took place and the elections were postponed for Tuasday morning; when they took place in the presence of an atternoy at law. At a cortain moment, the general director of the factory, who is a Communist, was communistated in a room. He succeeded in escaping in two hours, and called all the workers syndicates to help him. During the upwear, worker Apostol, the President of the General Leber Confederation in Rumania, was shot in the abdence. His condition is serious.

Comment: This interpretation of the Malaxa incident is probably too favorable to the FRD. For a fuller account of the incident see GR-265 of 25 February.

### 9. MID attack now directed against Radason

Following the events of the last few days, the Communist party has composed yet another elegan, this time concerning Coneral Radeson himself. In accordance with this new elegan, beginning with Tuesday morning, the workers eak for the removal of General Radeson. Humorous placards to this effect are on the streets and street core.

But as mentioned above, General Radonou has not the slightest idea of resigning. He is using stronger and still stronger methods against the Communistations, on Tuesday, 20 February, he dismissed the Communist Techari Georgesou from the Ministry of the Interior, where he was in office as an under Secretary of State. To do this, he modified the organisation law of the Ministry of the Interior, by abolishing the posts of Under-Secretaries of State. By this means, Mr. Techari Georgeson was dismissed indirectly. The decision for the abolishing of the Under Secretaryships of State, appeared on Tuesday in the Manitoral Official (Official Gasette). (In accordance with Rumanism law, a degree wast be published in the Official Gasette to have force of law). At first the working printers refused to publish this decree. (As is known, Mr. Techari Georgeson is himself a working printer at the Manitoral Official.) On 20 February the workers went book on their decision and printed the text of the decision.

As a point of curiosity, it may be mentioned that the decision for the abolishing of the Under-Sepretaryships of State also bears the signature of Mr. Petre Gross, leading light of the FND. He excuses himself on the grounds that he did not realize the source of the decision when he appended his signature.

With the abolition of the post of Mr. Techari Georgescu, the Communist Party and the FMD consider themselves directly challenged by General Radeson. On Tuesday, 20 February, in the afternoon, the Communist party held a political meeting in which they examined the situation. A series of strong measures were discussed for the custing of the present Government. At the same time it was decided to appeal for the intervention of the Soviet Control Commission.

### 10. The FID and the Crimes Conference

The FWD Council made a declaration regarding its point of view on the Crimea Conference. The council considers that the declaration from the Crimea in reference to Rumania, is "a crushing blow to the policy of the reactionary leaders of the two historical parties, as well as a crushing blow to the reactionary policy of Prime Minister Radesou".

The declaration further shows that a solution by democratic methods of problems in Rumania can only be brought about by an RMD government, because only such a government can satisfy the decisions taken at Yelta, namely, the forming of a government "which would represent generally, all democratic elements of the population".

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### 11. We Meninta declarations

Being appraised of the declarations of the MED regarding the Crimes Conference, Mr. Hanku make a declaration to the press on Monday evening, 19 Pebruary. These declarations could not appear in the press, because the working printers refused to print them.

In these declarations Mr. Mamin used a very violent tone against the FMD which he accused of salotaging the elections, exbotaging the agrarian reforms, and of encouraging encropy. He further coused the MHD of wenting to install a proletarian dictatorship.

Hr. Havin soid too, that the National Peasant Party is the determined partises of individual property. In conclusion, Hr. Havin saked for the rounding up and punishment of those guilty of the war, the following of a policy which will assure the liberty and independence of humania, and emphasized the assessity of continuing the war beside the great allies until the final victory against Cornery.

The declarations of Mr. Manin are of great importance to public opinion, because they constitute the teking up of a determined position against the FED. Owing to the calm temperament of Er. Manin, these categoric and violent declarations make it clear that no understanding is possible between him and the FED.

It should be emphasized that between him and the FED no further collaboration is possible. However, the National Possent Party might follow another road than that being traced out now by Haniu. The peasant branch of the old hingdom in the perty, a branch lod by Hesars. Mihalache and Dr. Luyu is negotiating with the PED. The result of these negotiations will be known in a few days.

In the case that the peasent brench, which represents the truly democratic wing of the Mational Peasent Party, should rally to the FED, which is not at all certain at the present secont, it might be that the whole aspect of internal political life would change. Then one could begin to talk of an FED government. When the FED works as it does now against the government, it is with this and in view.

### 12. The lifet of Var Criminals

Among the events of the last two weeks which ought to find a place in this bulletin, is the sublication of the list of war oriminals. The publication of this list takes place 6 months after the installation of the democratic regime in Rumania. The list comprises only a few names, and disregards some real war oriminals. The publication of this list was produced with great difficulty both because of the reserve of the historical parties regarding some who were on the list, and occause of the demand of the historical parties for the includion of the mame of lift. Tetareseen.

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The idboral Party also asked that Genoral Dobro, fermer Binister of Army Equipment under Antoneson should be headled cently. He was the most germanophile minister, and put all the armonet industry at the discount of the Germans.

The trial of war originals will probably begin next week. For the moment some of the war originals, as for instance Missis. Gigarin, Valer Pop and others, enjoy a very telerant treatment. They have been allowed to go home and swatt their trial.

### 15. Agrarian Reform and the Pensemts

Thile the parties are quarreling about the application of the agrerien reform, peacents in many counties have begun to carry out application of the same themselves. Pencants have entered the estates and divided the lands. The historical parties have protested, pointing out that in this way, the read is being prepared for a peacent revolution, similar to other revolutions which took place in Rumania in 1907 on the came question. The historical parties point out that there is such less land swalloble than is necessary for a just division enong those who have the right to it. It is also shown that in dividing up the big estates, there is a risk that the land will remain uncoultivated, as the peacents do not possess the accessary agricultural mechinery.

The disagreement between the historical parties and the FRD on this question goes on, while the possents, as has been said, pass over every obstacle and proceed with the division of the estates as they think fit.

### 14. The Case of the "Viitorul"

The newspaper Filtoral was suppressed by the Control Cormission for the application of the Armistice. During the latter days, Filtarel was in conflict with its working printers, who refused to print certain articles, as for example, those written by Paroagena, the director of the newspaper, who is accused of being reactionary. Following this the management of Filteral appealed to the army. For two days the workers carried on with the army present, with the threat that if they refused they would be sent-at the front. On the third day the workers were dismissed, for refusel to work. The newspaper continued to be printed by student adherents of the liberal party.

The suppression of the newspaper Viitory] was corried out on the grounds that this newspaper published an article referring to the state of affairs in Moldova. Speaking about various copie in Moldova, the author instead of revealing they true names, replaced these by initials and by X.I.Z. The Soviet Control Commission taking this to be cipher, and against the provisions of the Armiothee Convention, ordered the newspaper to be suspended. This ack gave great satisfaction to the Toward.

Comment: For a fuller account of the Wilcorn episods, which presents the action of the management in a less critical light, see CR-256 of 21 February.

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### 15. Attitude of University students

During the last two weeks a revival of the legionary and faccist movement at the Universities has been observed. Encouraged by the mild settem of the Courts Martial which condemned medical students who were propagating the idea of racial hatred to sentences of only 6 months imprisonment, (not to mention the sentence of 2 months imprisonment of those who assembled Mr. Petro Gross), the students are becoming cheeky. At present they are organizing themselves. In the halls of the faculties, immeriptions of a mainly character have made their appearance, and because they assembly to the old student societies, the students are working out a system by which hay are protected by the Church. In all the Faculties, ratioes have been put up amounting that Christian students are invited to a religious Conference, which will take place at the Church in Strade Polane No. 46. There a priest will speak about the Christian youth in Belgium, Holland and Italy.

Inside the Paculties the students are becoming more and more aggressive towards the Jawish students. However, no serious incidents have yet taken place. On the other hand, demonstrations of sympathy have been made to professors well known for their pro-fascist sympathies. For example, Istate Missour, although excluded from the Ilfov Bor, still maintains his chair at the less Paculty. Last Friday he opened the Civil Lew course, and was coolsized by the students.

The elemeing operation in the Universities are being earlied out slowly, and do not touch all those who by their attitude have shown their pro-fasaist views.

### 16. The case of Savel Reduleson

The Soviet Control Commission came into conflict with the Remarken Commission over the following question: The "atriarch of Remarks sent the Mossow Government a letter of thanks for its Christian attitude towards the churches in Meldova. The latter was handed for transmitted to the Remarksh Commission for the application of the Armistics on 25 Rovenber. Seeing that three months had passed without any reply having been received, the Patriarch wrote another letter, which he sent this time directly to the Soviet authorities. On inquiries being made, it was discovered that the Mossow Government had not received the letter, whence the protest of the Soviet Commission to Mr. Savel Raduleson; On investigation, it was found that the chief of Mr. Savel Raduleson; cabinet, Transou, on receiving the Patriarch's letter, had cuitted to forward it. This conflict with the Soviet Control Commission is not yet sotiled. The Russian point of view is that ill will was shown by the refusal to send the letter which might have had the effect of softening Rumanian public opinion as regards the crimes and rebberies leid at the door of the Soviet Armiss.

### 17. Expropriation of Jewish property

Lastly, another event of a political character which has happened during the last few days is the expropriction of 500 big Jewish properties for the use of the State. This refers to those properties which the State took over from the C.H.R. (Rumanisation Committee) during the last few years for its public services. Houtly these are block-houses with many apartments, in which the

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gitte has installed its departments. The expropriation of these properties, has given rise to great agitation among the Jove, who see in this measure an obvious racial significance.

Following the agitation created by this measure, Mr. Ch. Pop, Minister of Culture has publicly declared that his Ministry resonance the buildings which were given to it from expropriated Jewish property. Dr. Pildomen, President of the Rumanian Jews in a written protest to the government asks where the State will find the descess of milliards necessary to pay for these properties which they are expropriating, when the State refuses even to pay to the Jews the mass of money taken by the C.M.R. as rent for the respective properties of the Jews under the dictatorship.

A spread in this sense has also been made to the King.